

**Rule 65.1. Proceedings Against a Security Provider**

Whenever these rules require or allow a party to give security, and security is given with one or more security providers, each provider submits to the court's jurisdiction and irrevocably appoints the court clerk as its agent for receiving service of any papers that affect its liability on the security. The security provider's liability may be enforced on motion without an independent action. The motion and any notice that the court orders may be served on the court clerk, who must promptly send a copy of each to every security provider whose address is known. The security must be secured by a corporate security provider holding a certificate of authority from the Secretary of the Treasury. Except as otherwise provided by law, where the amount has been fixed by a judge, all securities must be approved by the judge.

**PRACTICE COMMENT:** Circular No. 570, "Companies Holding Certificates of Authority as Acceptable Sureties on Federal Bonds and as Acceptable Reinsuring Companies," is published annually, as of July 1, in the Federal Register, under Fiscal Service, Department of Treasury. Interim changes in the circular are published in the Federal Register as they occur. Copies of the circular and interim changes may be obtained from <http://www.fms.treas.gov/c570/>.

(As amended Nov. 4, 1981, eff. Jan. 1, 1982; July 28, 1988, eff. Nov. 1, 1988; Dec. 18, 2001, eff. Apr. 1, 2002; Nov. 25, 2009, eff. Jan. 1, 2010; Oct. 1, 2020, eff. Dec. 1, 2020.)