Slip. Op. No. 23-76

UNITED STATES COURT OF INTERNATIONAL TRADE

CYBER POWER SYSTEMS (USA) INC.,

Plaintiff,

٧.

UNITED STATES,

Defendant.

Before: Leo M. Gordon, Judge

Court No. 20-00124

MEMORANDUM and **ORDER**

Dated: May 16, 2023

<u>John M. Peterson, Richard F. O'Neill</u>, and <u>Patrick B. Klein</u>, Neville Peterson LLP, of New York, N.Y., for Plaintiff Cyber Power Systems (USA) Inc.

<u>Luke Mathers</u>, Trial Attorney, and <u>Beverly A. Farrell</u>, Senior Trial Attorney, Commercial Litigation Branch, Civil Division, U.S. Department of Justice, of New York, N.Y., for Defendant United States. With them on the brief were <u>Brian M. Boynton</u>, Principal Deputy Assistant Attorney General, <u>Patricia M. McCarthy</u>, Director, and <u>Justin R. Miller</u>, Attorney-in-Charge. Of counsel was <u>Yelena Slepak</u>, Attorney, Office of the Assistant Chief Counsel, International Trade Litigation, U.S. Customs and Border Protection, of New York, N.Y.

Gordon, Judge: Before the court is Plaintiff's Motion for Partial Reconsideration or Retrial. See ECF No. 161 ("Pl.'s Motion"); see also Defendant's Response in Opposition, ECF No. 162 ("Def.'s Resp."); Plaintiff's Reply, ECF No. 163. Following trial, the court held that Plaintiff failed to carry its burden of proof to (1) overcome the presumption of correctness attached to U.S. Customs and Border Protection's original determination that the subject four models of uninterruptible power supplies and one model of surge voltage protectors were products of the People's Republic of China, and (2) show, by a preponderance of the evidence, that these subject devices were substantially

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transformed into products of the Republic of the Philippines. <u>Cyber Power Sys. (USA)</u>

<u>Inc. v. United States</u>, No. 20-00124, 47 CIT _____, ____, 2023 WL 2231894, at *1

(Feb. 27, 2023); <u>see also</u> 28 U.S.C. § 2639(a)(1) (establishing statutory presumption of correctness that imposes burden of proof on Plaintiff for contested factual issues).

By its motion, Plaintiff requests reconsideration or retrial under USCIT Rule 59. Pl.'s Motion 1. "[D]isposition of a Rule 59 motion is 'within the sound discretion of the court." Since Hardware (Guangzhou) Co. v. United States, 38 CIT ____, ___, 37 F. Supp. 3d 1354, 1359 (2014) (quoting USEC, Inc. v. United States, 25 CIT 229, 230, 138 F. Supp. 2d 1335, 1336 (2001)). "Such motions do not permit an unsuccessful party to re-litigate a case, but are supposed 'to address a fundamental or significant flaw in the original proceeding." Id.; see also Ball v. Interoceanica Corp., 71 F.3d 73, 77 (2d Cir. 1995). The standard for determining whether the court's prior decision should be disturbed is "manifestly erroneous." Since Hardware, 38 CIT at ____, 37 F. Supp. 3d at 1359 (quoting USEC, 25 CIT at 230, 138 F. Supp. 2d at 1337). A judgment in a bench trial "should not be set aside except for substantial reasons." 11 Charles A. Wright & Arthur R. Miller, Fed. Prac. & Proc. Civ. § 2804 (3d ed. 2023).

Plaintiff's motion fails to identify a manifest error or "a fundamental or significant flaw" in the court's Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law. Specifically, Plaintiff's motion is premised on the incorrect assumption that the court found that Plaintiff overcame the statutory presumption of correctness attached to Customs' country of origin determination as to five of the six models of subject merchandise. As the court stated in its opinion, Plaintiff "failed in its burden of proof from the outset" with respect to its

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preferred country of origin as to these five models. Cyber Power, 47 CIT at ____, 2023

WL 2231894, at *11 (emphasis added). Moreover, the court agrees with the reasoning

set forth in Defendant's response, which explains in detail why Plaintiff's motion fails.

See Def.'s Resp. 6-10.

Accordingly, it is hereby

ORDERED that Plaintiff's Motion for Partial Reconsideration or Retrial pursuant to

USCIT Rule 59 is denied.

/s/ Leo M. Gordon
Judge Leo M. Gordon

Dated: May 16, 2023

New York, New York